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## III/IV B.Tech (regular) DEGREE EXAMINATION

OCTOBER, 2016

Electronics and Communication Engineering

Fifth Semester

Pulse &amp; Switching Circuits

Time: Three Hours

Maximum : 60 Marks

Answer Question No.1 compulsorily.

(1X12 = 12 Marks)

Answer ONE question from each unit.

(4X12=48 Marks)

1. Answer all questions

(1X12=12 Marks)

- What do you mean by linear wave shaping?
- Define rise time.
- Write the condition for perfect compensation.
- What do you mean by a comparator?
- What for clamping circuits are used?
- State clamping circuit theorem.
- How many types of multivibrators are there? Name them.
- What do you mean by loading of a binary?
- Which signals are commonly used for triggering?
- What do you mean by a linear time base generator?
- What are the applications of time base generators?
- Which amplifier is required in miller time base generator?

## UNIT – I

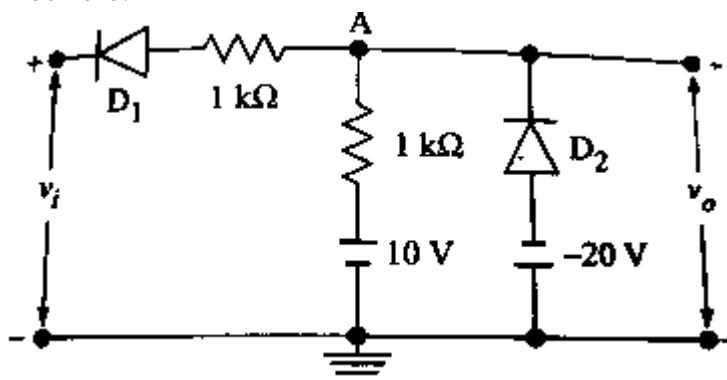
- Derive an expression for the output of a low pass circuit excited by a ramp input. 6M
- A symmetrical square wave of peak to peak amplitude 10V and frequency 2KHz is impressed on an RC low pass circuit .If  $R=5K\ \Omega$ ,  $C=0.1\ \mu F$ , calculate and plot the output. 6M

(OR)

- Derive the condition for perfect compensation of an attenuator. 6M
- A 1KHz square wave output from an amplifier has a rise time of 350ns and tilt=5%.Determine the upper and lower 3-dB frequencies. 6M

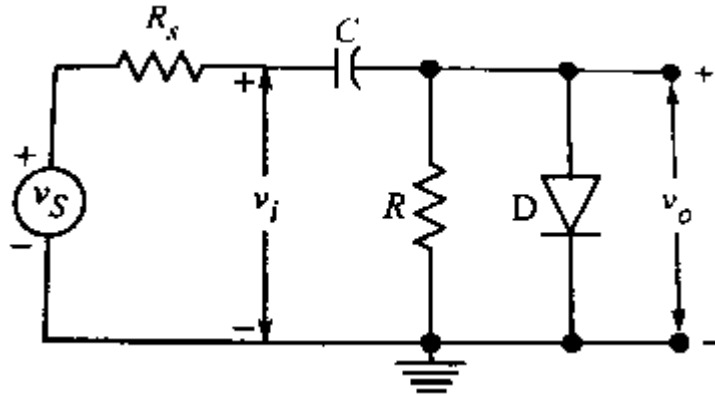
## UNIT – II

- With the help of a circuit diagram, explain the working of a simple diode comparator. 6M
- Draw the transfer characteristics for the clipper circuit shown. Find the value of input voltage at which output will be zero. 6M



(OR)

- 5.a State and prove clamping circuit theorem. 6M
- 5.b In the below mentioned figure  $R_s=R_f=50\text{ ohms}$ ,  $R=20\text{ kohms}$ ,  $C=2\mu\text{F}$ . A symmetrical square wave of amplitude  $20\text{V}$  and frequency  $5\text{kHz}$  is applied at  $t=0$ . Draw the first three cycles of the output waveform. 6M



### UNIT – III

- 6.a Derive the expression for the frequency of oscillation of an astable multivibrator. 6M
- 6.b Design a Schmitt trigger circuit for the following specifications:  $UTP=8\text{V}$ ,  $LTP=5\text{V}$ ,  $V_{cc}=15\text{V}$ ,  $I_c(\text{sat})=2\text{mA}$ ,  $h_{FE}(\text{min})=25$ . 6M

(OR)

- 7.a Derive an expression for the gate width of a monostable multivibrator. 6M
- 7.b Silicon n-p-n transistors with  $h_{FE}(\text{min})=40$  are available. Design an astable multivibrator to generate a square wave of  $1\text{KHz}$  frequency with duty cycle of  $25\%$ . Square wave amplitude  $=12\text{V}$ ,  $V_{cc}=12\text{V}$ ,  $I_c(\text{sat})=10\text{mA}$ . 6M

### UNIT – IV

- 8.a Explain the working of a transistor constant current sweep circuit. 6M
- 8.b Derive the expressions for sweep speed error, transmission error. 6M

(OR)

- 9.a Explain the basic principles of the Miller and bootstrap time base generators. 6M
- 9.b Find the component values of a bootstrap sweep generator, given  $V_{cc}=18\text{V}$ ,  $I_c(\text{sat})=2\text{mA}$ ,  $h_{FE}(\text{min})=30$ . 6M