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## I/IV B.Tech (Supplementary) DEGREE EXAMINATION

November, 2019

Common to all branches

First Semester

Engineering Mathematics - I

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 60 Marks

Answer Question No.1 compulsorily.

(1X12 = 12 Marks)

Answer ONE question from each unit.

(4X12=48 Marks)

(1X12=12 Marks)

1. Answer all questions

a) Define Rank of a matrix.

b) Find the eigen values of  $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 2 & 6 \\ 0 & 0 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$ 

c) Define Orthogonal matrix.

d) State Rolle's theorem.

e) Define Skew-Hermitian matrix .

f) What is the condition for  $u = f(x,y)$  to have maximum and minimum.g) What is the period of  $\sin 2x$ .h) Write the Fourier sine series of the function  $f(x)$  in  $(0,L)$ 

i) What is the sum of the Fourier series at a point of discontinuity.

j) Define double integral.

k) Write the spherical polar co-ordinate system.

l) Evaluate  $\int_0^2 \int_0^1 y \, dy \, dx$ 

## UNIT I

2. a) Find the Rank of the matrix  $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & -3 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 3 & 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 & -2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$  6M

b) Find the eigen values and eigen vectors of  $= \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$  6M  
(OR)

3. a) Test for consistency and solve  $3x + 3y + 2z = 1, x + 2y = 4, 10y + 3z = -2, 2x - 3y - z = 5.$  6M

b) Find the inverse of the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$  6M

## UNIT II

4. a) Reduce the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 5 & 1 \\ 3 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$  to the diagonal form. 6M

b) Show that  $\frac{b-a}{\sqrt{1-a^2}} < \sin^{-1} b - \sin^{-1} a < \frac{b-a}{\sqrt{1-b^2}}, 0 < a < b < 1.$  6M  
(OR)

5. a) Use McLaurin's expansion (up to third degree) to show that  $\log(1+x) < x - \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{3}, x > 0.$  6M

b) Divide 24 into three parts such that the product of the first, square of second and cube of the third may be maximum. 6M

## UNIT III

6. a) Find the Fourier series of the function  $f(x) = x, -\pi \leq x \leq \pi.$  6M

b) Expand  $f(x) = \cos x$  as a half range sine series in  $(0,\pi)$  6M

## (OR)

7. a) Find the Fourier series of the function  $f(x) = \pi \sin \pi x$  for  $0 < x < 1.$  6M

b) Find the complex form of the Fourier series of  $f(x) = \sin x, 0 < x < 2\pi.$  6M

## UNIT IV

8. a) Find the area of the region bounded by the parabolas  $y^2 = 4ax$  and  $x^2 = 4ay.$  6M

b) Change the order of integration and hence evaluate  $\int_0^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} y^2 \, dy \, dx.$  6M

## (OR)

9. a) Find the volume of the sphere  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = a^2$  using triple integration. 6M

b) Evaluate  $\int_0^a \int_0^x \int_0^{x+y} e^{x+y+z} \, dz \, dy \, dx.$  6M



- 1.
2. a) Define Rank of a matrix.
- b) Find the eigen values of  $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 2 & 6 \\ 0 & 0 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$ .
- c) Define Orthogonal matrix.
- d) State Rolle's theorem.
- e) Define Skew-Hermitian matrix .
- f) what is the condition for  $u = f(x, y)$  to have maximum and minimum.
- g) Find the integrating factor of  $\log x \, dy + (y - \log x)dx = 0$  .
- h) Define Orthogonal trajectories of curves.
- i) State Newton's law of cooling.
- j) Write the general form of Euler- Cauchy equation.
- k) Find the general solution of  $y'' + 6y' + 9y = 0$  .
- l) Find the wronskian of the functions  $u = \cos 2x, v = \sin 2x$ .

2 a) Find the Rank of the matrix  $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & -3 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 3 & 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 & -2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$  6M

b) Find the eigen values and eigen vectors of  $= \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ . 6M

(or)

3 a) Test for consistency and solve

$$3x + 3y + 2z = 1, x + 2y = 4, 10y + 3z = -2, 2x - 3y - z = 5. \quad \text{6M}$$

b) Find the inverse of the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ . 6M

4 a) Reduce the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 5 & 1 \\ 3 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$  to the diagonal form. 6M

b) Show that  $\frac{b-a}{\sqrt{1-a^2}} < \sin^{-1} b - \sin^{-1} a < \frac{b-a}{\sqrt{1-b^2}}, 0 < a < b < 1$ . 6M

(or)

5 a) Use Maclaurin's expansion (up to third degree) to show that  $\log(1+x) < x - \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{3}, x > 0$ .

b) Divide 24 into three parts such that the product of the first, square of second and cube of the third may be maximum. 6M

6 a) Solve the differential equation  $y \sin 2x \, dx - (1 + y^2 + \cos^2 x)dy = 0$ . 6M

b) Find the orthogonal trajectories of a confocal and coaxial parabolas  $y^2 = 4a(x+a)$ . 6M

(or)

7 a) Solve the differential equation  $\frac{dy}{dx} + y = x^3 y^6$ . 6M

b) ) If 30% of radioactive substance disappeared in 10 days . How long will it take for 90% of it to disappear? 6M

8) a) Solve the differential equation  $y'' + 5y' + 6y = 0$ , given  $y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 15$ . 6M

b) Solve the differential equation  $y'' - 6y' + 9y = \frac{e^{3x}}{x^2}$ ,  
by the method of variation of parameters. 6M

(or)

9 a) Solve the differential equation  $\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + 2 \frac{dy}{dx} + 4y = 2x^2 + 3e^{-x}$  6M

b) The damped LCR circuit is governed by the equation  $L \frac{d^2 q}{dt^2} + R \frac{dq}{dt} + \frac{q}{C} = 0$  where L, R, C are positive constants . Find conditions under which the circuit is over damped , under damped and critically damped . Find also the critical resistance. 6M

**Scheme of valuation :**

|                                                                           |        |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|
| <b>1 a)</b> Definition                                                    | 1 Mark |
| b) Eigen values 3 ,2 ,5.                                                  | 1 Mark |
| c) <b>1</b> Definition                                                    | 1 Mark |
| d) Statement                                                              | 1 Mark |
| e) Definition                                                             | 1 Mark |
| f) $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = 0, \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = 0$ | 1 Mark |
| g) Integrating factor = x.                                                | 1 Mark |
| h) Definition                                                             | 1 Mark |
| i) Statement                                                              | 1 Mark |
| j) Definition                                                             | 1 Mark |
| k) $y = (c_1 + c_2 x)e^{-3x}$                                             | 1 Mark |
| l) Wronskian = 2                                                          | 1 Mark |

2 a) Reduce into echelon form 5 marks

Rank 1 Mark

b)  $|A - \lambda I| = 0$  1 Mark

eigen values (1,1,-2) 2 Marks

eigen vectors 3 marks

3 a)  $A X = B$  1Mark

Echelon form 3 Marks

Solution  $x = 2, y = 1, z = -4$  2 Marks

b) Finding inverse 6 Marks

4 a) Eigen values 3 marks

Diagonalization 3 marks

b) )  $f(x) = \sin^{-1} x$  1 Mark

Apply LMVT 2 Marks

Inequality 3 Marks

5 a)  $f(x) = \log(1+x)$  1 Mark

Maclaurin's expansion 3 Marks

Inequality 2 Marks

b)  $x + y + z = 24$  1 Mark

$f(x,y,z) = xyz^3$  1 Mark

$F = xyz^3 + \lambda (x+y+z-24)$  1 Mark

Solution 3 Marks

6 a)  $\frac{\partial M}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial N}{\partial x}$  2 Marks

Solution 4 Marks

b) Form the differential equation 2 Marks

Changing  $y'$  by  $\frac{-1}{y'}$  1 Mark

Orthogonal trajectory 3 Marks

7 a) Bernoulli's form 1 Mark

Substitution 2 Marks

Solution 3 Marks

b) Law 1 Mark

Finding C value 1 Mark

Finding K value 1 Mark

Solution 2 Marks

8 a) Roots 2 Marks

Solution 2 Marks

$C_1, C_2$  Values 2 Marks

b) Finding complementary function 2 Marks

Finding particular integral 4 Marks

9 a) Finding complementary function 2 Marks

Finding particular integral 4 Marks

b) Finding over damping , under damping and critically damping  
the critical resistance.

6 Marks.