Hall ticket Number: 18EL001

I/IV B.Tech (Regular / Supplementary - Repeat Exam) DEGREE EXAMINATION

January, 2021 ECE/ IT/ MECH

Second Semester
Communicative English
Time: Three Hours
Maximum: 50 Marks

Answer ALL Questions from PART-A.

Answer ANY FOUR questions from PART-B.

(1X10 = 10 Marks)

(4X10=40 Marks)

BL

3

Part - A

1. Correct and rewrite the following sentences

1*10=10M M CO 10 2,3,4

- a. I have passed the examination two years ago.
- b. They never fail who die in great cause.
- c. The price of gold and silver have gone up.
- d..The college starts by next week.
- e. Any one is not greater than murthy.
- f.. This year the Diwali falls on a Saturday.
- g. Neither Leela nor her friend were to be found.
- h. she told to me to do it.
- i. There is plenty of jobs these days for qualified young men.
- j. My friend returned back from Chennai.

Part - B

M CO BL

10 1,2,3 3

[

2. a. Complete the paragraph using appropriate prepositions

5M

The first electronic computer was introduced towards the end of World War II .It had 1,500 vacuum tubes and was even heavier than Babbage's computer. The introduction------the silicon based microchip------the early 1950s changed the destiny of computers------ ever. The first microchip computers were still very complex. They had more than 100,000 transistors and measured several meters------Today's microchips are incredibly small and scientists are working------ making them even smaller.

b. Write the meaning of the root words given and write two examples using it

2M

i. Geo

ii. Bio

iii. Cord

iv. Loco

c. Create a Mind Map on "Creative Intelligence".

3M

3. a. Fill in the blanks with right articles to make a meaningful paragraph

5M

I was still------ experienced and fairly successful hand. Anil was watching ------ wrestling match when I approached him. He was about 25 ----- tall, lean fellow and he looked easy-going, kind and simple enough for my purpose. I hadn't had much luck of late and thought I might be able to get into ------ young man's confidence.

b. Punctuate the given paragraph to make it meaningful

2M

if you look about you and consider the lives of others as well as your own if you think how few are born with honour and how many die without name or children how little beauty we see and how few friends we hear of how many diseases and how much poverty there is in the world you will fall down upon knees and instead of repining at one affliction will admire so many blessings which you have received from the hand of god

3M

				M 10	CO 1,2,4	BL 6	
4. a. Select the	verb form t	hat best fits in th	ne blank			5	\mathbf{M}
		ow/knows) when I					
		oped) that you wo					
			ny she has behaved like that				
		l/told/) me where					
v. We	(W1II /W0	ould) like to visit	the museum.				
i. The parents a a) Glori ii. I didn't have a) Fave iii. It happened a) Und iv. All your tro a) Hop c.Develop the gi A bee – falls	re humiliated ous b) Re adequate time orable b) Classo suddenly erstand ables will valueless b) Diven hints and into a tank -	d if their children spect c) Disgrate to prepare. ear c) Insuff that I didn't realize b) Destroy conish away when he sappear c) Burdel write a story base a dove flies past	c) Resolve d) Lament he returns safely. en d) Appear ed on them. Also suggest a tit – drops a large leaf into the	re pre	sent.	ry 31	M
	-	s aim at the dove -	– the bee stings – the dove is ng lockdown'	save	d.	5	M
b. Pick the clos	sest antonyn	n of the following	g words from the options gi	iven		2	$^{2}\mathbf{M}$
i. Awkward: a			c. Rude		umblir	ng	
ii. Conceal:	a. Secrete	b. Disguise	c. Mask	d. R	eveal		
iii. Scatter:	a. Dissolve	b. Disperse	c. Collect	d. Se	eparate		
iv. Blunt:	a. Frank	b. Sharp	c. Direct	d. D	ull		
i. I (co ii. You	ould/can) sing (must/ou			M	CO		SM L
					1,2,4	3,6	

c. Write a Paragraph on "women in cricket".

b. Choose the best one word substitute that is appropriate from the given choices. 5M

1. A speech delivered without any preparation

A. Exemplary B. Extempore C. Temporary D. Contemporary

2. One who possesses many talents

A. Versatile B. Gifted C. disciplinarian D. pedestrian

3. One who knows everything?

A. Literate B. Scholar C. Omniscient D. Omnipotent

4. A child born after death of his father

A. Orphan B. Bachelor C. Celibate D. Posthumous

5. Medical study of skin and its diseases.

A. Orthopedics B. Dermatology C. Endocrinology D. Gynaecology

7. a. Rewrite the given sentences as directed

5M

- i. William Blake wrote many outstanding poems. (Change voice of the sentence)
- ii. Do you know the answer? (Change voice of the sentence)
- iii. She said, "It's going to rain in a few minutes." (Write the sentence in other speech)
- iv. "Get me a glass of water," he said to her. (write the sentence in other speech)
- v. She says, "Examinations will never be abolished." (Write the sentence in other speech)

b. Read the given passage and write the summary of it suggesting a suitable title.

5M

India has stood for freedom: Even before Independence we viewed our own struggle and difficulties on the larger canvas of global problems. If democracy is basically tolerance for others' opinions, the concept of co-existence is democracy on the international plane, for it embodies tolerance of other nations and systems. Similarly non-alignment gives depth to our independence and self-reliance for it enables us to retain our freedom of judgment and action on international issues in the light of our national interests. We avoid involvement in the conflicts and disputes of others and this helps to blunt conflict between power blocs. I should like to think that it has also helped world stability.

A country is an extended family. When income and resources are limited, one must budget to ensure that waste is avoided, resources husbanded, priorities established, education and other social needs catered to, special provision made for those who are weaker or smaller. Industry has to be balanced with agriculture; technology with culture; state ventures with private initiative; economic growth with social justice; the large with the small. Every section of society must be stimulated to creative activity. That is our planning. In no way is it totalitarian or coercive. Industrializing, modernizing arid transforming an ancient society of immense size, population and diversity is a daunting venture and inevitably, a gradual one. Otherwise there will be resentment. Transformation should not cause too much dislocation or suffering for the people nor should it jettison the basic spiritual and cultural values of our civilization.

India's planning experience sums up the successes and problems of our democratic development. The magnitude and significance of democracy's operation in India are not well understood, for it is often treated as an adventitious or borrowed growth. Why has democracy worked in India? Our national leadership was dedicated to it and we wanted it to work, but, also, because in our society there were elements and traditions which supported the growth of democracy. In our democratic system, there may be differences in many spheres but we rise above them. To achieve the objective of keeping the country united, we have to transcend political and party- based differences, which create dissensions. If we cannot remain united and the country does not remain strong, with whom shall we have differences? Against whom shall we fight? With whom shall we be friends? Brothers and sisters, if the country falls, nobody survives. When we were fighting for the freedom of our country, it did not mean only political freedom. It also meant social justice, equality and economic justice. Only one phase is over and another one is under way. We have to cover a long and difficult path. Whereas the enemies were visible during those days; now they are in disguise. Some of them are openly our enemies, but many become unintentional pawns of others.

M CO BL 10 2,3,4 2,6

8. a.Thesentences in the given questions, when properly sequenced, form a coherent paragraph. Identify and write the sequence of both the questions. 2x2.5=5M

- I. A. But sometimes, the persons of opposite nature also come closer fall in each other's company by accident, chance or out of ignorance vitiating the above statement to some extent
 - B. If a man moves in the company of good, gentle and noble people, he is usually adjudged to be a gentleman.

- C. It is usual for a man to see company of those who possess tastes, tendencies and Temperaments like his own.
- D.On the other side, if he keeps company with evil persons and bad characters, he is Considered to be a man of bad character.
- E. Generally, the character and conduct of a person is gauged by the kinds of people he mixes and moves with.

II.

- A. With the passage of time, vices become more apparent and virtues become objects of jealousy and envy, thereby causing contempt and hatred in the hearts of each other.
- B. They become familiar with not only strengths but also weaknesses of each other's characters.
- C. Generally people think that familiarity should breed love, mutual understanding and tolerance.
- D. They expect that coming together of two persons should bring them closer and forge the bond of kinship between them.
- E. But when two persons come closer, they come to know not only strengths but also weaknesses of each other's character.

b. Read the given passage and make notes on it in points, using abbreviations, wherever necessary.Also suggest a suitable title.

Influenza or 'the flu' is an infection of the lungs and the surrounding areas. This infection of the respiratory tract is caused by the influenza virus. The virus usually spreads during the winter in temperate climates. When many people catch the flu at the same time, the situation is called a flu epidemic.

The proteins that coat the flu virus change constantly. As a result, new strains of the flu virus circulate every few years. In some countries, people at high risk are encouraged to get a flu vaccination every year. Some of the people at risk are those over 65 years, children with heart or lung conditions and health care workers.

People with flu infections feel as if they have a cold, but the signs and symptoms are usually more severe. Body areas other than the respiratory tract may be infected. Signs and symptoms include weakness, chills, fatigue, muscle aches, headache, fever, running nose and cough. The signs and symptoms could last for a week to ten days.

The influenza virus is spread largely through the air. A typical situation is where one person infected with the flu coughs or sneezes when in close proximity with another person. Droplets of the virus, suspended in the air, are breathed in by the other person. Once the virus lands on the lining of the nose, throat or other body areas related to breathing, it reproduces rapidly.

Usually the flu goes away with a rest, drinking plenty of fluids and taking mild pain medication. Health care providers may prescribe certain medication for people who are at high risk. When symptoms do not go away after seven to ten days, there is difficulty in breathing or persistent high temperatures, a health care provider should be consulted.

9. a. Rewrite the sentences as directed.

5M

- i. In spite of his being ill, he continued to work. (Change it into compound sentence)
- ii. You must apologize or else you will be punished. (Change it into Simple sentence)
- iii. He was tired. He went to bed early. (Change it into complex sentence)
- iv. A man who is generous will have many friends. (Change it into Simple sentence)
- v. The reason for his arrest is still unknown. (Change it into complex sentence)

b. Differentiate the following confusing words and use them in your sentences.

5M

- i. Wander-Wonder
- ii. Envelop-Envelope
- iii. Confident-Confidant
- iv. Delightful-Delicious
- v. Bought -Brought